

## EPIDEMIOLOGIA E COSTI DELLA BPCO

R. De Marco, R. Dal Negro

- 1) Kim DS, Kim YS, Jung KS, Chang JH, Lim CM, Lee JH, Uh ST, Shim JJ, Lew WJ. **Prevalence of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in Korea: a population-based spirometry survey.** Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2005;172:842-847
- 2) Anthonisen NR, Skeans MA, Wise RA, Manfreda J, Kanner RE, Connett JE. **The effects of a smoking cessation intervention on 14.5-year mortality: a randomized clinical trial.** Ann Intern Med 2005;142:233-239
- 3) Pauwels RA, Rabe KF. **Burden and clinical features of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD).** Lancet 2004;364:613-620
- 4) Menezes AM, Perez-Padilla R, Jardim JR, Muino A, Lopez MV, Valdivia G, Montes de Oca M, Talamo C, Hallal PC, Victora CG. **Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in five Latin American cities (the PLATINO study): a prevalence study.** Lancet 2005;366:1875-1881
- 5) Wood S, Norboo T, Lilly M, Yoneda K, Eldridge M. **Cardiopulmonary function in high altitude residents of Ladakh.** High Alt Med Biol 2003;4:445-454
- 6) Havryk AP, Gilbert M, Burgess KR. **Spirometry values in Himalayan high altitude residents (Sherpas).** Respir Physiol Neurobiol 2002;132:223-232
- 7) **Global Initiative for Chronic Obstructive Lung Disease. Update 1 July 2005.** A collaborative project of the National Health L, and Blood Institute, NIH and the World Health Organisation., ed. [www.goldcopd.com](http://www.goldcopd.com): National Institutes of Health, National Heart Lung and Blood Institute, Bethesda, Md, 2005. 2005